

MITA SECURITIES Equity Research

October 20, 2021

Kura Sushi

TSE 1st Section 2695 Industry: Food service, retail

Leading SushiTech company with global ambitions; initiating coverage with a Buy

Initiating coverage with a TP of 5,000 yen and a Buy rating

We initiate coverage of Kura Sushi, Inc. (2695, Kura Sushi, the company) with a target price of 5,000 yen and a Buy rating.

The company operates the "Kura Sushi" revolving sushi bar chain nationwide, as well as in the United States and Taiwan. Revolving sushi bars have a high cost of goods ratio, and so it is extremely important to improve the turnover rate of customers and the efficiency of operations. We consider Kura Sushi to be the most advanced food tech company among major Japanese restaurant operators in terms of automation and use of IT in customer attraction and restaurant operations. In addition, the company has been proactive in introducing entertainment elements such as "Bikkura Pon!" linked to its unique dish collection system, and collaborations with popular animations, idols, and characters, winning popularity among families and young people. Furthermore, in overseas markets with high growth potential, the company has made a full-fledged commitment to its growth strategy by listing its U.S. and Taiwan subsidiaries on the local stock exchanges.

The catalysts we envision for an upturn in the stock price include a turnaround in monthly same-store sales, a recovery in quarterly earnings, an easing of requests by local governments to shorten operating hours, and accelerated store openings in Japan and overseas.

Mita Securities' earnings forecast

We forecast OP of -2.6bn yen for FY10/21 (vs. 0.4bn yen for FY10/20 and company guidance of -2.5bn yen), 5.5bn yen for FY10/22, 8.0bn yen for FY10/23, and 10.6bn yen for FY10/24. As for Japan, we expect an easing of requests for shorter operating hours and a recovery in restaurant demand, as well as the continuation of aggressive store openings. Overseas, we expect a recovery in restaurant demand and an acceleration in the pace of new store openings, especially in the U.S., where the company has been ahead of its Japanese competitors. We also expect stable earnings and steady opening of new stores in Taiwan to lead to business expansion. We expect the total number of stores at the end of FY10/24 to be 722 (569 in Japan, 76 in North America, and 77 in Asia), compared to 521 at the end of FY10/20 (467 in Japan, 25 in North America, and 29 in Asia). Furthermore, we believe there is ample room for the company to expand its store network over the long term, especially in overseas markets.

Valuations and risk factors

In calculating our target price, we used a residual income model (RIM) with a cost of equity of 5.5% and a terminal growth rate of 2.0%, based on our earnings forecasts for FY10/21-FY10/26. Our target price is equivalent to 35.6x our FY10/23 EPS forecast of 140.40 yen.

Risk factors to our view include prolonged requests for shorter business hours due to a rapid increase in COVID-19 cases, unexpected deterioration in same-store sales, rising concerns about food safety, and failure in overseas businesses.

MITA SECURITIES Co., Ltd. Junichi Shimizu Chief Analyst, Head of Research

Initiation of coverage

Rating Buy	
Target price (JPY)	5,000
Stock price (JPY) (Oct 19)	3,670
Market cap (JPYbn)	151.9
Key changes	
Rating	New
Target price	New
Earnings forecast	New
Stock price (JPY)	
6,000	
5,500	



Source:	Bloomberg	Finance	LP

10/20 10/21 10/22 10/23 10/24 Sales JPYo 135.8 145.9 176.7 198.8 223.4 OP JPYo 10.4 -2.6 5.5 8.0 10.6 RP JPYo -0.1 12.3 6.2 8.7 11.3 NP JPYo -0.3 1.13 -2.8 4.87 17.2 EPS JPY -0.6 33.4 -9.8 140.4 181.9 BPS JPY 1.116.1 1.202.0 1.28.4 1.94.6 1.94.9 DPS JPY 2.00 2.00 2.00 4.00 9.8 1.54.7 DPS JPY 2.01 2.00 2.01 3.00 4.00 PER X NA 10.9.9 3.3 2.6.1 2.01 PBN, HG % -0.8 1.0.7 5.2 6.0.5 1.1 POX-POY % -0.8 4.0 5.2 6.0.5 4.0 <th>Earnings</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Earnings						
OP JPYbn 0.4 -2.6 5.5 8.0 10.6 RP JPYbn 1.1 2.3 6.2 8.7 11.3 NP JPYbn 0.3 1.3 3.9 5.6 7.2 EPS JPY -6.6 33.4 98.4 140.4 181.9 BPS JPY 20.0 20.0 240.0 30.0 40.0 PER X NA 109.9 37.3 26.1 20.2 PBR x 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.6 2.4 Div, yield % 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.8 1.1			10/20	10/21E	10/22E	10/23E	10/24E
RP JPYbn 1.1 2.3 6.2 8.7 11.3 NP JPV0 -0.3 1.3 3.9 5.6 7.2 EPS JPY 6.6 33.4 9.84 14.04 181.9 BPS JPY 1,116.1 1,202.0 1,280.4 1,396.8 1,548.7 DPS JPY 20.0 20.0 24.0 30.0 40.0 PER X NA 109.9 3.33 26.1 20.2 PBR X 2.88 3.11 2.9 2.6 2.4 Div.yield % 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.8 1.11	Sales	JPYbn	135.8	145.9	176.7	198.8	223.4
NP JPYbn -0.3 1.3 3.9 5.6 7.2 EPS JPY -6.6 33.4 98.4 140.4 1819 BPS JPY 1,116.1 1,202.0 1,280.4 1,396.8 1,548.7 DPS JPY Q. 20.0 20.0 24.0 30.0 40.0 PER x NA 109.9 37.3 26.1 20.2 PBR x 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.6 2.4 Div, yield % 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.8 11 ROA % -0.3 1.5 4.0 5.2 6.2	OP	JPYbn	0.4	-2.6	5.5	8.0	10.6
EPS JPY -6.6 33.4 98.4 140.4 181.9 BPS JPY 1,116.1 1,202.0 1,280.4 1,396.8 1,548.7 DPS JPY 20.0 20.0 24.0 30.0 40.0 PER X NA 109.9 37.3 26.1 20.2 PBR x 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.6 2.4 Div, yield % 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.8 1.1 ROA % -0.3 1.5 4.0 5.2 6.2	RP	JPYbn	1.1	2.3	6.2	8.7	11.3
BPS IPY 1,116.1 1,202.0 1,280.4 1,396.8 1,548.7 DPS JPY 20.0 20.0 24.0 30.0 40.0 PER x NA 109.9 37.3 26.1 20.2 PBR x 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.6 2.4 Div, yield % -0.3 1.5 4.0 5.2 6.2	NP	JPYbn	-0.3	1.3	3.9	5.6	7.2
DPS JPY 20.0 20.0 24.0 30.0 40.0 PER x NA 109.9 37.3 26.1 20.2 PBR x 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.6 2.4 Div. yield % -0.6 0.5 0.7 0.8 1.1 ROA % -0.3 1.5 4.0 5.2 6.2	EPS	JPY	-6.6	33.4	98.4	140.4	181.9
PER x NA 109.9 37.3 26.1 20.2 PBR x 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.6 2.4 Div. yield % 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.8 1.1 ROA % -0.3 1.5 4.0 5.2 6.2	BPS	JPY	1,116.1	1,202.0	1,280.4	1,396.8	1,548.7
PBR x 2.8 3.1 2.9 2.6 2.4 Div. yield % 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.8 1.1 ROA % -0.3 1.5 4.0 5.2 6.2	DPS	JPY	20.0	20.0	24.0	30.0	40.0
Div. yield % 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.8 1.1 ROA % -0.3 1.5 4.0 5.2 6.2	PER	х	NA	109.9	37.3	26.1	20.2
ROA % -0.3 1.5 4.0 5.2 6.2	PBR	х	2.8	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.4
	Div. yield	%	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.8	1.1
POF W 06 20 70 405 424	ROA	%	-0.3	1.5	4.0	5.2	6.2
RUE % -0.6 2.9 7.9 10.5 12.4	ROE	%	-0.6	2.9	7.9	10.5	12.4

Source: Company data, Mita Securities

Company profile

Kura Sushi is an Osaka-based restaurant company that operates the "Kura Sushi" revolving sushi bar chain nationwide. The company is also active in overseas business and has listed subsidiaries in the US and Taiwan. As of end-July 2021, the company had 556 stores (31 in the US and 35 in Taiwan). Sales in FY10/20 were 135.8bn yen.

Investment thesis

Outlook

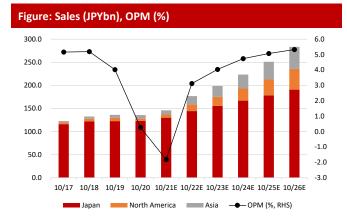
Differentiation through technology; full-scale overseas expansion

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Mita Securities' earnings forecast

We forecast OP of -2.6bn yen for FY10/21 (vs. 0.4bn yen for FY10/20 and company guidance of -2.5bn yen), 5.5bn yen for FY10/22, 8.0bn yen for FY10/23, and 10.6bn yen for FY10/24. We expect the total number of stores to be 722 at the end of FY10/24, compared to 521 at the end of FY10/20. Furthermore, we believe there is ample room for the company to expand its store network over the long term, especially in overseas markets.

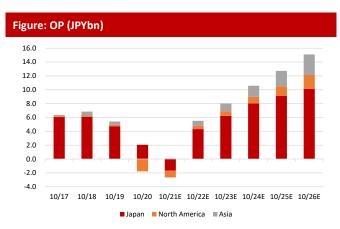


Source: Company data, Mita Securities Note: Forecasts are by Mita Securities

Initiating coverage with a TP of 5,000 yen and a Buy rating

Integrating food tech and entertainment. Full-scale overseas expansion

We forecast OP of 5.5bn yen for FY10/22, 8.0bn yen for FY10/23, and 10.6bn yen for FY10/24. Further growth is expected



Source: Company data, Mita Securities Note: Forecasts are by Mita Securities

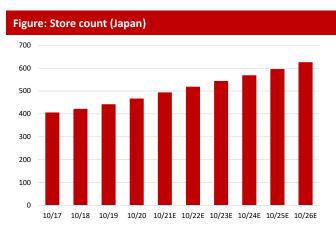
As for the Japan business, we forecast OP of 4.3bn yen for FY10/22, 6.2bn yen for FY10/23, and 8.0bn yen for FY10/24. The number of stores is expected to increase from 467 as of the end of FY10/20 to 569 as of the end of FY10/24. In addition, we assume that the easing of requests for shorter business hours and the recovery of restaurant demand will progress during FY10/22, and that the operating environment will almost normalize during FY10/23.

Japan: We expect OP of 8.0bn yen for FY10/24 As for the North America business, we forecast OP of 0.4bn yen for FY10/22, 0.7bn yen for FY10/23, and 1.0bn yen for FY10/24. The number of stores is expected to increase from 25 at the end of FY10/20 to 76 at the end of FY10/24. We see a strong possibility that restaurant demand will recover and the pace of store openings will accelerate. We assume that the recovery in the operating environment will proceed faster than in Japan. In the U.S. mainland, there are almost no major Japanese revolving sushi bar competitors, so the company should be able to enjoy first-mover advantage. We see ample room for long-term growth in FY10/25 and beyond as well.

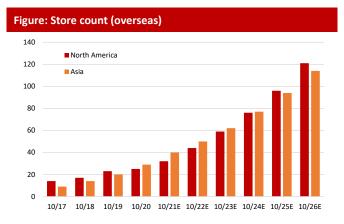
As for the Asia business, we forecast OP of 0.7bn yen for FY10/22, 1.1bn yen for FY10/23, and 1.6bn yen for FY10/24. The number of stores is expected to increase from 29 at the end of FY10/20 to 77 at the end of FY10/24. For Taiwan, we assume business expansion through stable earnings and steady store openings. We also expect that the company will expand into China and Southeast Asia in the medium to long term.

North America: We expect OP of 1.0bn yen for FY10/24. Ample room for long-term growth, with almost no major Japanese competitors

Asia: We expect OP of 1.6bn yen for FY10/24. Expanding into China and Southeast Asia in addition to Taiwan



Source: Company data, Mita Securities Note: Forecasts are by Mita Securities



Source: Company data, Mita Securities Note: Forecasts are by Mita Securities

Catalysts

The catalysts we envision for an upturn in the stock price include a turnaround in monthly samestore sales, a recovery in quarterly earnings, an easing of requests by local governments to shorten operating hours, and accelerated store openings in Japan and overseas.

Figure: Summary of M	ita Securi	ities' ear	nings for	ecast (co	onsolidat	ted)							
JPYm	10/18	10/19	10/20	10/21	10/22	10/23	10/24	10/25	10/26	10/21	10/21	10/22	10/23
	A	A	A	Mita E	Mita E	Mita E	Mita E	Mita E	Mita E	CoE	Consensus	Consensus	Consensus
Consolidated earnings													
Sales	132,499	136,134	135,835	145,937	176,695	198,781	223,382	250,942	283,396	147,160	150,688	171,768	190,365
(YoY, %)	7.9	2.7	-0.2	7.4	21.1	12.5	12.4	12.3	12.9				
Operating profit	6,875	5,475	350	-2,650	5,512	8,018	10,583	12,719	15,090	-2,535	-528	7,210	10,458
(YoY, %)	8.4	-20.4	-93.6	NA	NA	45.5	32.0	20.2	18.6				
OPM (%)	5.2	4.0	0.3	-1.8	3.1	4.0	4.7	5.1	5.3				
Recurring profit	7,655	6,135	1,135	2,272	6,173	8,709	11,324	13,460	15,831	2,510	3,398	8,610	11,208
(YoY, %)	5.1	-19.9	-81.5	100.2	171.7	41.1	30.0	18.9	17.6				
Net profit	5,130	3,766	-262	1,324	3,902	5,568	7,214	8,456	9,789	1,469	2,025	5,445	7,200
(YoY, %)	5.0	-26.6	NA	NA	194.7	42.7	29.6	17.2	15.8				
Depreciation & amortization	3,650	4,051	5,290	5,700	6,100	6,500	6,900	7,300	7,700				
Capital expenditure	3,782	5,586	7,232	10,000	9,000	9,500	10,000	11,000	12,000				
Free CF	5,802	2,024	599	-7,776	2,140	4,498	4,252	7,353	6,372				
Segment earnings													
Japan													
Sales	121,931	122,531	123,160	130,185	144,353	155,730	166,950	178,245	190,705				
(YoY, %)	5.2	0.5	0.5	5.7	10.9	7.9	7.2	6.8	7.0				
Operating profit	6,073	4,730	2,058	-1,665	4,331	6,229	8,014	9,090	10,107				
OPM (%)	5.0	3.9	1.7	-1.3	3.0	4.0	4.8	5.1	5.3				
North America													
Sales	5,709	7,095	4,879	6,698	13,982	19,518	26,349	34,578	44,933				
(YoY, %)	38.7	24.3	-31.2	37.3	108.8	39.6	35.0	31.2	29.9				
Operating profit	209	195	-1,776	-980	447	683	975	1,418	2,022				
OPM (%)	3.7	2.7	-36.4	-14.6	3.2	3.5	3.7	4.1	4.5				
Asia													
Sales	4,859	6,508	7,796	9,056	18,360	23,533	30,083	38,119	47,758				
(YoY, %)	80.3	33.9	19.8	16.2	102.7	28.2	27.8	26.7	25.3				
Operating profit	566	484	0	99	734	1,106	1,594	2,211	2,961				
OPM (%)	11.6	7.4	0.0	1.1	4.0	4.7	5.3	5.8	6.2				
КРІ													
Same-store sales growth (%)	0.8	-4.0	-4.3	0.0	5.2	2.8	2.4	2.0	2.0				
Store count (end-FY)	453	485	521	566	613	665	722	786	861				
Japan	422	442	467	494	519	544	569	596	626				
North America	17	23	25	32	44	59	76	96	121				
Asia	14	20	29	40	50	62	77	94	114				
Per share indicators (adjusted for													
EPS (JPY)	129.92	95.38	-6.63	33.39	98.39	140.40	181.90	213.21	246.83	37.07	51.06	137.29	181.55
BPS (JPY)	992.17	1,113.94	1,116.12	1,202.05	1,280.43	1,396.83	1,548.73	1,721.94	1,920.77				
DPS (JPY)	15.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	24.00	30.00	40.00	48.00	58.00	20.00			
Valuation, profitability, etc.													
PER (x)	25.2	23.9	NA	109.9	37.3	26.1	20.2	17.2	14.9				
PBR (x)	3.3	2.0	2.8	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.4	2.1	1.9				
Dividend payout ratio (%)	11.5	21.0	NA	59.9	24.4	21.4	22.0	22.5	23.5				
Dividend yield (%)	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.6				
ROA (%)	9.2	5.9	-0.3	1.5	4.0	5.2	6.2	6.7	7.0				
ROE (%)	13.9	9.1	-0.6	2.9	7.9	10.5	12.4	13.0	13.6				
Financial soundness indicators	15.5	5.1	0.0	2.5	,.5	10.5	12.4	13.0	13.0				
Shareholders' equity ratio (%)	66.3	64.5	51.9	50.8	49.8	50.2	50.8	51.3	51.7				
Debt/Equity (x)	0.1	04.3	0.3	0.3	45.8	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2				
	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2				
Source: Company data OLIICK data	Mito Coourit	line	Notor	Conconcur fo	recasts are h								

Source: Company data, QUICK data, Mita Securities

Note: Consensus forecasts are by QUICK consensus

Valuations

Stock valuation based on the residual income model (RIM)

In calculating our target price of 5,000 yen, we used a residual income model (RIM) with a cost of equity of 5.5% and a terminal growth rate of 2.0%, based on our earnings forecasts for FY10/21-FY10/26. Our target price is equivalent to 35.6x our FY10/23 EPS forecast of 140.40 yen.

TP of 5,000 yen based on RIM

Figure: Residual Income Model (R	RIM)						
	YO	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6~
	MitaE	MitaE	MitaE	MitaE	MitaE	MitaE	MitaE
JPYbn	10/21	10/22	10/23	10/24	10/25	10/26	10/27
Shareholders' equity (EOP)	47.7	50.8	55.4	61.4	68.3	76.2	
Net profit		3.9	5.6	7.2	8.5	9.8	
Cost of equity		2.6	2.8	3.0	3.4	3.8	
Residual income		1.3	2.8	4.2	5.1	6.0	
PV of residual income		1.2	2.5	3.5	4.1	4.6	
PV of terminal value							134.5
Beta	1.00						
Risk free rate (%)	0.50			Tota	l equity value		198.2
Risk premium (%)	5.00			Num	hber of shares O	/S (m)	39.7
Cost of equity (%)	5.50			Targ	et share price		5,000
Terminal growth rate (%)	2.00						

Source: Company data, Mita Securities

Figure: Sensitivity of target price to terminal growth rate

Terminal growth rate	1.00	1.20	1.40	1.60	1.80	2.00	2.20	2.40	2.60	2.80	3.00
Target price	4,200	4,350	4,500	4,650	4,800	5,000	5,200	5,450	5,700	6,050	6,400

Source: Mita Securities

Figure: Kura Sushi's PER (reference)

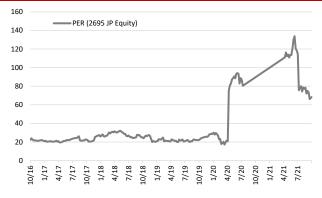


Figure: Kura Sushi's stock price



Source: Bloomberg Finance LP data, Mita Securities

Source: Bloomberg Finance LP data, Mita Securities

Comparison of valuations with food service companies (reference)

Figure: Comparison of valuations for food service companies

Company name	Ticker	PX 10/19	Mkt cap JPYbn	Net D/E Last	Sales YoY LTM	EBITDA Mgn LTM	ROE LTM	ROE Cur E	ROE Nxt E	PER LTM	PER Cur E	PER Nxt E	PBR Last	EV/EBITDA Cur E	EV/Sales Cur E	Div yield Cur E	1M Chg	3M Chg	1YR Chg
KURA SUSHI INC	2695	3,670	151.9	-0.1	13.7	4.6	4.9	6.1	12.2	68.3	57.6	27.3	3.3	18.8	1.0	0.7	-5.3	-6.1	14.5
(TP 5,000 Buy)	2702	5 400	600.0				40.7	42.0			20.4	26.0		42.0					
MCDONALD'S HOLDINGS CO JAPAN OOTOYA HOLDINGS CO LTD	2702	5,120	680.8 20.1	-0.2 0.2	5.6 -21.3	-13.4	12.7	12.0	11.9	31.1	30.1	26.9	3.8	12.8	2.0	0.7	-3.0	3.9	0.8
FUJIO FOOD GROUP INC	2705 2752	2,766 1,372	61.2	3.6	-21.3 -19.5	-13.4 -2.0	NA -48.9	NA 15.7	NA NA	NA NA	NA 75.4	NA 35.8	NA 13.1	NA NA	NA 2.7	NA 0.0	-4.8	1.6 6.4	-5.3
AMIYAKI TEI CO LTD	2753	3,065	21.0	-0.1	-16.2	-2.0	0.2	2.0	NA	566.6	40.4	11.1	1.0	NA	0.6	0.0	4.7	7.4	5.3
HIRAMATSUINC	2764	218	16.3	4.1	-6.1	-26.6	-86.1	NA	NA	NA	 NA	NA	4.0	NA	NA	NA	2.3	17.2	11.2
PEPPER FOOD SERVICE CO LTD	3053	378	14.9	2.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.5	NA	NA	NA	-2.6	-6.0	20.0
CHOUSHIMARU CO LTD	3075	1,176	17.1	-0.8	-0.6	2.8	7.2	NA	NA	33.5	NA	NA	2.3	NA	NA	NA	-2.2	4.0	-0.7
ARCLAND SERVICE HOLDINGS CO	3085	2,285	75.6	-0.6	26.3	12.8	16.9	18.9	13.0	19.7	16.5	22.6	3.2	10.9	1.4	1.3	-3.9	6.6	12.0
DOUTOR NICHIRES HOLDINGS CO	3087	1,740	79.4	-0.3	-2.7	3.3	-3.2	3.9	3.1	NA	20.7	21.4	0.8	8.0	0.4	1.4	1.6	4.4	15.5
BRONCO BILLY CO LTD	3091	2,485	37.5	-0.3	-12.6	5.7	4.4	NA	NA	48.5	NA	NA	2.1	NA	NA	0.6	-3.6	3.5	7.7
MONOGATARI CORP	3097	7,700	92.9	0.1	10.5	10.2	14.6	15.3	16.0	34.1	28.2	23.9	4.7	12.0	1.3	0.9	3.6	8.1	35.4
(TP 9,100 Buy)																			
CHIMNEY CO LTD	3178	1,482	28.7	0.8	-60.7	-37.1	-65.7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.7	NA	NA	NA	-2.3	6.2	15.2
TORIKIZOKU HOLDINGS CO LTD	3193	1,976	23.0	0.6	-40.8	-10.9	-39.3	14.3	NA	NA	26.3	19.6	4.4	NA	1.1	0.0	-3.8	11.5	25.9
HOTLAND CO LTD	3196	1,370	29.5	0.6	1.7	5.2	9.1	16.1	NA	44.6	25.2	28.7	3.9	NA	1.1	0.4	1.7	7.2	12.7
SKYLARK HOLDINGS CO LTD	3197	1,559	354.7	2.1	-15.6	17.8	0.9	1.3	7.2	265.6	280.9	48.9	2.3	8.3	1.7	0.2	-1.6	7.5	1.6
(TP 1,550 Hold)																			
SFP HOLDINGS CO LTD	3198	1,527	39.4	-0.1	-53.8	-1.0	-19.2	14.4	NA	NA	21.9	26.2	3.4	NA	2.6	0.0	6.0	6.6	13.0
CREATE RESTAURANTS HOLDINGS	3387	1,019	193.0	3.5	-28.7	21.7	0.8	27.2	NA	1,643.5	30.2	46.3	8.9	NA	3.1	0.4	14.0	11.2	73.6
SAINT MARC HOLDINGS CO LTD	3395	1,576	35.9	-0.2	-13.7	-6.3	-11.6	0.7	3.0	NA	140.1	34.6	0.9	12.2	0.5	2.8	-0.9	1.4	-1.9
TORIDOLL HOLDINGS CORP	3397	2,765	241.8	3.0	0.2	10.7	-0.8	9.9	10.4	NA	66.9	44.8	7.6	12.2	2.4	0.2	6.6	48.2	98.6
KOMEDA HOLDINGS CO LTD	3543	2,102	97.0	1.5	8.1	23.7	13.0	13.6	13.7	21.3	19.6	18.2	2.7	15.9	4.3	2.4	-2.0	2.9	13.1
(TP 3,000 Buy)																			
KUSHIKATSU TANAKA HOLDINGS C	3547	2,199	20.5	0.3	-38.7	-22.6	-36.9	2.5	30.0	NA	370.6	43.6	15.2	NA	4.0	0.2	2.6	28.7	26.7
CHIKARANOMOTO HOLDINGS CO LT	3561	635	17.2	3.7	-31.1	-0.2	-55.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.9	NA	NA	NA	2.1	6.5	4.1
FOOD & LIFE COMPANIES LTD	3563	4,975	577.4	2.4	14.3	16.0	23.6	23.6	23.8	44.5	44.8	36.8	9.5	19.4	2.9	0.5	-0.3	17.6	74.6
ATOM CORP	7412	758	146.7	0.2	-23.8	-3.4	-19.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	20.5	NA	NA	NA	-4.2	-1.2	-10.2
KAPPA CREATE CO LTD WATAMI CO LTD	7421 7522	1,359 996	67.2 42.5	0.4	-2.5 -23.1	2.9	3.2 -73.5	NA NA	NA NA	197.0 NA	NA NA	NA NA	6.2 2.9	NA NA	NA NA	NA	-2.8	-3.3 7.4	-7.2
ZENSHO HOLDINGS CO LTD	7550	2,660	42.5	2.2	-23.1	7.3	-75.5	14.6	13.6	41.0	31.4	34.5	4.8	11.7	0.8	0.8	-0.6	-2.5	9.5
KOURAKUEN HOLDINGS CORP	7554	1,497	25.1	1.1	-19.5	0.6	-4.9	14.0 NA	13.0 NA	41.0 NA	88.1	54.5 NA	7.2	NA	1.0	0.0	-0.8	1.8	-13.5
ANRAKUTEI CO LTD	7562	5,980	12.8	1.6	58.7	-1.3	2.9	NA	NA	98.5	NA	NA	2.9	NA	NA	NA	-10.9	8.1	20.7
SAIZERIYA CO LTD	7581	3,055	159.7	-0.2	-0.3	6.3	2.2	8.9	6.9	84.2	19.8	23.4	1.8	8.0	0.9	0.6	10.0	19.8	56.0
HIDAY HIDAKA CORP	7611	1.638	62.5	-0.3	-23.8	-10.2	-7.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.0	NA	NA	1.5	-5.5	-8.5	-3.5
COLOWIDE CO LTD	7616	1,671	145.2	3.6	-14.4	8.7	-35.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7.7	NA	NA	NA	-3.6	-12.9	2.7
UKAI CO LTD	7621	3,020	15.8	1.5	-7.7	-9.1	-43.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	6.6	NA	NA	NA	-2.9	-1.9	-2.7
GLOBAL-DINING INC	7625	640	6.6	0.9	7.5	-1.1	0.7	NA	NA	477.6	NA	NA	2.5	NA	NA	NA	48.8	36.8	229.9
ICHIBANYA CO LTD	7630	4,560	145.6	-0.5	-5.4	9.4	8.5	8.9	NA	56.4	53.9	38.3	4.8	NA	2.9	1.8	-3.3	-5.3	-14.9
ASAKUMA CO LTD	7678	1,548	8.3	-0.4	-21.0	-21.8	-43.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.7	NA	NA	NA	1.1	0.5	1.7
MOS FOOD SERVICES INC	8153	3,135	100.4	-0.2	8.3	9.0	5.0	4.4	NA	43.5	47.6	40.3	2.1	NA	1.2	0.8	-6.0	1.5	11.4
KISOJI CO LTD	8160	2,161	56.2	0.0	-12.3	NA	-16.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.4	NA	NA	NA	-12.7	-7.0	-14.6
SRS HOLDINGS CO LTD	8163	754	28.7	0.5	5.7	2.6	-9.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.5	NA	NA	NA	-10.0	-6.2	-16.8
ROYAL HOLDINGS CO LTD	8179	2,085	94.6	2.3	-27.7	-14.3	-55.3	-13.8	10.9	NA	NA	52.4	3.2	NA	1.5	0.0	-0.9	8.0	13.4
RINGER HUT CO LTD	8200	2,221	57.9	1.0	-14.1	-2.2	-13.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.2	NA	NA	NA	-7.2	-0.2	1.0
GIFT INC	9279	2,906	28.9	0.2	23.2	6.0	22.4	23.0	NA	36.5	28.1	23.0	7.4	NA	2.2	0.5	0.6	24.8	34.5
GENKI SUSHI CO LTD	9828	2,768	24.6	0.6	1.9	5.9	3.2	NA	NA	94.0	NA	NA	3.0	NA	NA	NA	0.8	12.4	18.0
GOURMET KINEYA CO LTD	9850	1,003	23.0	1.5	-28.3	0.9	-28.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.8	NA	NA	NA	-2.2	7.6	5.1
GINZA RENOIR CO LTD	9853	830	5.2	0.1	-33.6	-41.0	-39.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.5	NA	NA	NA	1.3	1.2	0.7
YOSHINOYA HOLDINGS CO LTD	9861	2,215	144.3	0.8	-14.9	8.1	3.2	11.6	2.5	107.5	28.6	130.1	3.3	16.6	1.1	0.0	-1.4	8.1	18.3
KFC HOLDINGS JAPAN LTD	9873	2,998	67.2	-0.8	12.6	8.4	17.8	NA	NA	16.6	24.2	24.7	2.8	NA	0.6	1.7	0.2	4.8	17.3
MATSUYAFOODS HOLDINGS CO LTD SAGAMI HOLDINGS CORP	9887 9900	3,690	70.3 30.8	-0.2	-6.2 -9.2	1.5 -4.0	-7.8	NA	NA	134.9	NA	NA NA	1.7	NA	NA NA	NA NA	-4.2	4.5	-21.6
OHSHO FOOD SERVICE CORP	9900 9936	1,015 5.960	30.8 138.8	-0.2	-9.2 -0.2	-4.0 11.6	-7.8	NA 11.7	NA NA	NA 18.3	NA 17.3	NA 19.5	2.3 2.1	NA NA	NA 1.4	NA 1.8	-4.2	0.5 2.8	-21.6 0.5
(TP 7,250 Buy)	9950	5,960	150.8	-0.2	-0.2	11.6	11.8	11.7	NA	10.3	17.3	19.5	2.1	NA	1.4	1.8	-5.2	2.8	0.5
JOYFULL CO LTD	9942	815	26.0	4.9	-23.6	-3.8	102.0	NA	NA	13.8	NA	NA	7.9	NA	NA	NA	1.5	0.4	11.0
DAISYO CORP	9942	1,028	20.0	0.3	-23.0	-3.8	-47.7	NA	NA	15.8 NA	NA	NA	2.0	NA	NA	NA	-0.6	3.9	-11.5
Average	3313	1,020	21.0	1.0	-21.0	-10.2	-47.7	10.7	11.9	163.1	62.9	34.7	4.6	12.8	1.7	0.8	-0.8	5.9	15.8
Median				0.4	-9.5	-0.5	-9.9	10.7	11.9	46.5	30.2	28.0	3.3	12.8	1.7	0.8	-0.5	4.4	9.5
				0.4	10.0	1.5	0.2	11./	-12	-0.5	50.2	20.0	5.5	12.2	1.4	0.0	1.0	7.7	5.5

Source: Bloomberg Finance LP data, Mita Securities

Note: Forecasts are based on Bloomberg consensus. Shading indicates stocks covered by Mita Securities

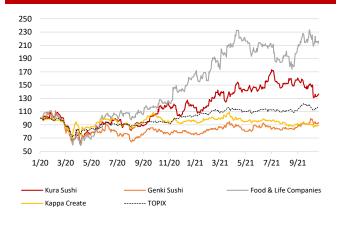
Figure: Comparison of valuations for food service companies (revolving sushi bars)

Company name	Ticker	PX 10/19	Mkt cap JPYbn	Net D/E Last	Sales YoY LTM	EBITDA Mgn LTM	ROE LTM	ROE Cur E	ROE Nxt E	PER LTM	PER Cur E	PER Nxt E	PBR Last	EV/EBITDA Cur E	EV/Sales Cur E	Div yield Cur E	1M Chg	3M Chg	1YR Chg
KURA SUSHI INC	2695	3,670	151.9	-0.1	13.7	4.6	4.9	6.1	12.2	68.3	57.6	27.3	3.3	18.8	1.0	0.7	-5.3	-6.1	14.5
(TP 5,000 Buy)																			
CHOUSHIMARU CO LTD	3075	2,285	75.6	-0.6	26.3	12.8	16.9	18.9	13.0	19.7	16.5	22.6	3.2	10.9	1.4	1.3	-3.9	6.6	12.0
FOOD & LIFE COMPANIES LTD	3563	4,975	577.4	2.4	14.3	16.0	23.6	23.6	23.8	44.5	44.8	36.8	9.5	19.4	2.9	0.5	-0.3	17.6	74.6
KAPPA CREATE CO LTD	7421	1,359	67.2	0.4	-2.5	2.9	3.2	NA	NA	197.0	NA	NA	6.2	NA	NA	NA	-2.8	-3.3	-7.2
GENKI SUSHI CO LTD	9828	2,768	24.6	0.6	1.9	5.9	3.2	NA	NA	94.0	NA	NA	3.0	NA	NA	NA	0.8	12.4	18.0

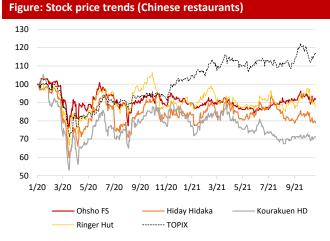
Source: Bloomberg Finance LP data, Mita Securities

Note: Forecasts are based on Bloomberg consensus. Shading indicates stocks covered by Mita Securities

Figure: Stock price trends (revolving sushi bars)



Source: Bloomberg Finance LP data, Mita Securities Note: Indexed 100 at the end of 2019



Source: Bloomberg Finance LP data, Mita Securities Note: Indexed 100 at the end of 2019

Figure: Stock price trends (Japanese BBQ)



Source: Bloomberg Finance LP data, Mita Securities Note: Indexed 100 at the end of 2019

Figure: Stock price trends (Japanese style pubs)



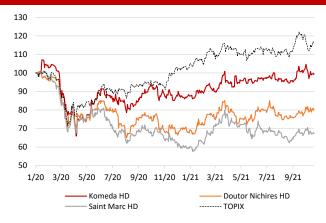
Source: Bloomberg Finance LP data, Mita Securities Note: Indexed 100 at the end of 2019

130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 1/20 3/20 5/20 7/20 9/20 11/20 1/21 3/21 5/21 7/21 9/21 Skylark HD Saizeriya Create Restaurants HD Zensho HD - TOPIX Colowide

Figure: Stock price trends (family restaurants, general type)

Source: Bloomberg Finance LP data, Mita Securities Note: Indexed 100 at the end of 2019

Figure: Stock price trends (coffee shops)



Source: Bloomberg Finance LP data, Mita Securities Note: Indexed 100 at the end of 2019

Risk factors

Risk factors to our view include prolonged requests for shorter business hours due to a rapid increase in COVID-19 cases, unexpected deterioration in same-store sales, rising concerns about food safety, and failure in overseas businesses.



Source: Company data

Company overview

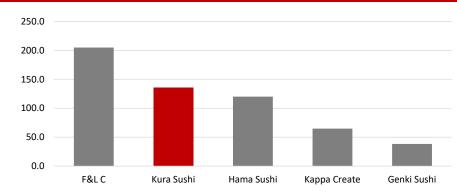
Company overview

Overview of Kura Sushi

Kura Sushi is a restaurant operator based in Osaka, Japan, and operates the revolving sushi bar chain "Kura Sushi" nationwide under directly-owned stores. Consolidated sales in FY10/20 were 135.8bn yen, the second largest in the revolving sushi bar industry after Food & Life Companies (F&L C; the operator of Sushiro). As of the end of July 2021, the company had 556 stores, of which 490 were in Japan, 31 in the U.S., and 35 in Taiwan.

Ranked second in sales and third in domestic store count in the revolving sushi bar industry. Ahead of its competitors in the overseas directly-owned store business



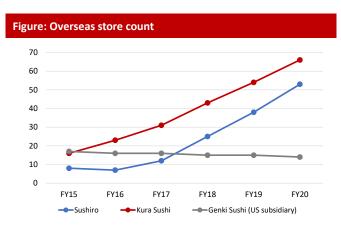


Source: Companies data, Mita Securities Note: FY9/20 for F& L C, FY10/20 for Kura Sushi, and FY3/21 for others

The number of stores in Japan (490 as of the end of July 2021) is the third largest after Sushiro and Hama Sushi (Zensho HD). The company has the largest number of stores in its home market of the Kansai region, but its store count in eastern Japan, including the Kanto region, is not as large as Sushiro and Hama Sushi.

Figure: Domestic store count 700 600 500 400 300 200 100 0 FY15 FY16 FY17 FY18 FY19 FY20

Kura Sushi is ahead of its competitors in the overseas directly-owned restaurant business. The company has already listed its subsidiaries in the U.S. and Taiwan, respectively, and is ready for future expansion.



Source: Companies data, Mita Securities Note: FY20 refers to end-June 2021 for Sushiro, end-July 2021 for Kura Sushi, and end-March 2021 for others Source: Companies data, Mita Securities Note: FY20 refers to end-June 2021 for Sushiro, end-July 2021 for Kura Sushi, and end-March 2021 for Genki Sushi

Group companies

The company has subsidiaries in the U.S. and Taiwan, each of which operates a revolving sushi bar chain. The U.S. subsidiary (KSU) is listed on the NASDAQ Global Market, and the Taiwanese subsidiary (KSA) is listed on the Taipei Exchange.

Listed subsidiaries in the U.S. and Taiwan

From a private sushi bar to a global SushiTech company

Figure: Subsidiaries					
Company name	Location	Shares held (%)	Vo	ting rights held	(%)
		End-FY10/20	After new share issue	End-FY10/20	After new
Kura Sushi USA (KSU)	DE, USA	60.0	52.9	80.0	share issue 75.6
· · ·	,		52.9		75.0
Kura Sushi Asia (KSA)	Taipei, Taiwan	69.4		69.4	

Source: Company data, Mita Securities Note: KSU implemented capital increase in July 2021

Company history

The predecessor of Kura Sushi was a privately-owned sushi bar opened in Sakai City, Osaka Prefecture in 1977 by Kunihiko Tanaka, the founder and current president of the company. Mr. Tanaka later entered the revolving sushi bar business and established Kura Corporation (currently Kura Sushi, Inc.) in 1995.

In 2001, the company was listed on the NASDAQ Japan market of the Osaka Securities Exchange, and in 2004, it was listed on the Second Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, and in 2005, it was listed on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. During this period, Kura Sushi's unique features such as the automatic dish counting and water collection system, Bikkura Pon! and touch panels, etc. In 2011, the company introduced the "Mr. Fresh" sushi cap.

The company opened its first overseas restaurant in the U.S. in 2009 and in Taiwan in 2014. The U.S. subsidiary (KSU) was listed on the stock exchange in 2019, and the Taiwanese subsidiary (KSA) was listed in 2020.

Figure: History

Date	Event
May-77	Kunihiko Tanaka opened a sushi restaurant in Sakai City, Osaka Prefecture
Jul-84	Opened Revolving Sushi Bar Kura
Nov-95	Established Kura Corporation (currently Kura Sushi, Inc.)
Jul-96	Introduced an automatic dish counting and water collection system
Dec-00	Introduced Bikkura-Pon! Prize
May-01	Listed on the NASDAQ Japan market of the Osaka Securities Exchange (currently JASDAQ of the
	Tokyo Stock Exchange)
Nov-02	Introduced touch panels
Oct-04	Listed on the Second Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange
Oct-05	Listed on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange
Dec-06	Achieved 100 stores in Kansai region
Oct-08	Achieved 100 stores in Kanto region
Sep-09	Opened the first overseas revolving sushi bar in Irvine, USA
Nov-11	Introduced Mr. Fresh sushi cover system
Apr-14	Introduced a time-specified reservation system for all restaurants
Dec-14	Opened the first restaurant in Taiwan
Oct-16	Opened Kaizuka Center in Kaizuka City, Osaka Prefecture
May-19	Changed company name to Kura Sushi, Inc.
Aug-19	U.S. subsidiary Kura Sushi USA, Inc. listed on the NASDAQ Global Market
Sep-20	Taiwanese subsidiary Kura Sushi Asia, Co., Ltd. listed on the Taipei Exchange

Major shareholders/management team

Walnut Corporation, the company's largest shareholder, is the asset management company of the founding family (the Tanaka family). Including the individual holdings of Kunihiko Tanaka (President and Representative Director), Makoto Tanaka (Executive Vice President, Kunihiko Tanaka's eldest son), and Setsuko Tanaka (Director, Kunihiko Tanaka's wife), the Tanaka family owns over 47% of the company.

Founding family owns over 47% of the shares

Figure: Major shareholders (end-FY10/20)	
Major shareholders	Shares held (%)
Walnut Corporation	34.24
Makoto Tanaka	10.11
The Master Trust Bank of Japan (trust account)	5.81
Custody Bank of Japan (tust account)	2.18
Kura Sushi Employee Stock Holding	1.99
Kunihiko Tanaka	1.62
Government of Norway	1.55
Custody Bank of Japan (tust account 5)	1.22
Setsuko Tanaka	1.21
Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company	1.08

Source: Company data, Mita Securities

Shareholder benefit program

The company offers shareholder benefit discount coupons (note that they are not meal coupons that can be used by themselves) to shareholders who hold at least 100 shares as of April 30. For example, a shareholder holding 100 shares can receive discount coupons worth 2,500 yen. The discount coupon can be used for 500 yen for every 1,000 yen spent on a bill. We believe that the level of benefits is not necessarily high for a shareholder benefit program of a restaurant operator.

Shareholders holding 100 shares are entitled to 2,500 yen discount coupons

Figure: Shareholde	r benefi	t program	
Number of	shares		Amount of gift discount coupons (JPY)
100	-	199	2,500
200	_	399	5,000
400	_	999	10,000
1,000	-		20,000

Details of business

Breakdown of sales

Breakdown of sales by segment

Consolidated sales in FY10/20 were 135.8bn yen, consisting of 123.2bn yen for the Japan business (90.7% of total sales), 4.9bn yen for the North America business (3.6%), and 7.8bn yen for the Asia business (5.7%). The North America business is based in the U.S. and its fiscal year was from September 2019 to August 2020 (two months later than Japan). The Asia business is based in Taiwan, and its fiscal year was from October 2019 to September 2020 (one month later than Japan). Sales in North America declined significantly YoY due to the impact of COVID-19.

Overseas sales account for over 9% of total sales

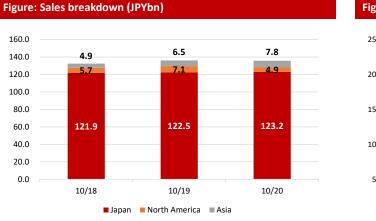
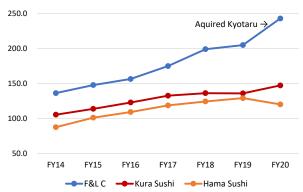


Figure: Comparison of sales (JPYbn)

Source: Companies data, Mita Securities



Note: FY20 figures for F&L C and Kura Sushi are based on the companies' guidance

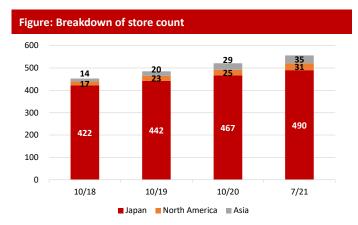
Source: Company data, Mita Securities

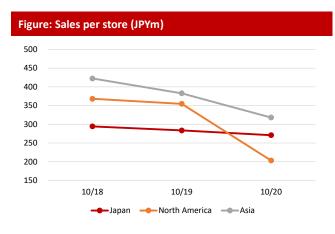
Breakdown of store count

Breakdown of stores by segment

The number of stores as of the end of 3Q FY10/21 (end of July 2021) was 556. This includes 490 stores in the Japan business (88.1% of the total), 31 stores in the North America business (5.6%), and 35 stores in the Asia business (6.3%).

Overseas stores account for about 12% of total stores





Source: Company data, Mita Securities

Breakdown of domestic stores by region

The breakdown of domestic stores by region (as of the end of 2Q FY10/21) is as follows: 30.2% in Kanto, 29.3% in Kansai, 12.8% in Tokai, and 11.2% in Kyushu and Okinawa. In Kansai, the company boasts the largest number of stores in the industry, surpassing Sushiro. In East Japan, Sushiro and Hama Sushi are leading the way, but the company has been aggressively opening new stores in recent years. Most recently, the company opened its first store in Hokkaido in July 2021.

Top store network in Kansai region. Chasing Sushiro in East Japan

Figure: Bi	reakdown o	f dom	estic stor	es by regior	า									
	Sushiro			Hama Sushi			Kura Sushi			Kappa Sushi			Genki Sushi	
	9/21			9/21			4/21			9/21			3/21	
	Store count	%		Store count	%		Store count	%		Store count	%		Store count	%
Hokkaido	12	1.9	Hokkaido	23	4.2	Hokkaido	0	0.0	Hokkaido	0	0.0	Hokkaido	21	12.7
Tohoku	24	3.9	Tohoku	41	7.5	Tohoku	22	4.5	Tohoku	68	21.9	Tohoku	14	8.5
Kanto	212	34.1	Kanto	210	38.5	Kanto	146	30.2	Kanto	75	24.2	Kanto	83	50.3
						Hokuriku &								
Chubu	105	16.9	Chubu	113	20.7	Koshinetsu	22	4.5	Chubu	88	28.4	Koshinetsu	14	8.5
						Tokai	62	12.8				Tokai	16	9.7
Kinki	134	21.6	Kinki	62	11.4	Kansai	142	29.3	Kinki	52	16.8	Kinki	13	7.9
Chugoku	30	4.8	Chugoku	28	5.1	Chugoku	24	5.0	Chugoku	20	6.5	Chugoku	0	0.0
Shikoku	29	4.7	Shikoku	20	3.7	Shikoku	12	2.5	Shikoku	0	0.0	Shikoku	0	0.0
Kyushu	67	10.8	Kyushu	39	7.2	Kyushu &	54	11.2	Kyushu	7	2.3	Kyushu	4	2.4
Okinawa	8	1.3	Okinawa	9	1.7	Okinawa			Okinawa	0	0.0			
Total	621	100.0	Total	545	100.0	Total	484	100.0	Total	310	100.0	Total	165	100.0

Source: Companies data, Mita Securities Note: The figures for Sushiro, Hama Sushi, and Kappa Sushi are calculated using the restaurant search function on each company's website, and do not match the figures in the IR materials

Breakdown of overseas stores

All 31 stores in the North America business (as of the end of 3Q FY10/21) are in the US, and the company has opened stores in a variety of regions from the East Coast to the Midwest and West Coast. The largest number of stores by state is 16 in California, 8 in Texas, and so on.

All 35 stores in the Asia business (as of the end of 3Q FY10/21) are in Taiwan. The company has stores in a wide range of areas including Taipei, New Taipei City, Taoyuan, Taichung, and Kaohsiung.

Details of "Kura Sushi"

Stores

About 90% of Kura Sushi's stores are suburban roadside stores. The standard size of a store is about 350 square meters, with about 200 seats and 30-60 parking spaces. The standard size for stores in the urban areas in front of stations appears to be around 200 seats as well. In general, revolving sushi bars require a relatively large store area.

Menu and average spend per customer

The basic menu at Kura Sushi is priced at 110 yen per plate (including tax). The standard menu consists of two pieces of sushi per plate. Competitors in the same price range include Sushiro (110 yen), Hama Sushi (99 yen on weekdays, 110 yen off weekdays), Kappa Sushi (110 yen), and Uobei (110 yen). In some of Kura Sushi's downtown stores (Shinjuku, Shibuya, Ikebukuro, Shinagawa, Kichijoji, etc.), the basic menu is set at 125 yen per plate. In contrast, at some Sushiro stores, the basic menu is priced at 132 yen per plate.

Kura Sushi's average spend per eat-in customer is just under 1,100 yen, which is an average level in the industry. Sushiro's average spend per eat-in customer is slightly higher at around 1,200 yen.

Extensive store network in both the U.S. and Taiwan

90% are in roadside format. Mostly large stores

Basic price is 110 yen per plate. Average spend per customer is just under 1,100 yen

Automated customer service process

As shown below, the customer service process at Kura Sushi, from entry to checkout, is largely automated, completing the contactless service ahead of the competition (but may vary from store to store). Customer service and clean-up tasks for floor clerks have been minimized.

- Automated reception: Upon entering the store, the customer uses the touch-screen automated reception system. It is also possible to make reservations through the EPARK application. When a seat is confirmed, a sheet of paper with the table number and barcode is printed out, and the customer moves to the designated seat with it (basically, there is no attendant at the store). The barcode replaces the slip of paper and is required for checkout.
- Automated ordering and serving: Food can be ordered from the touch panel at each table or from the customer's own smartphone. Water, tea, wasabi, and gari (ginger) are provided on a self-service basis. The ordered items are delivered from the kitchen through the order lane (the conveyor belt used to serve the items ordered by the customer) right in front of the customer. Kura Sushi was the first in the revolving sushi bar industry to introduce the touch panel ordering system, and we believe that the company is the only one that has already introduced the smartphone ordering system in many of its restaurants. There are also plates on the revolving lane, which customers can pick up. The plates on the revolving lane are covered with the company's proprietary antibacterial sushi cover "Mr. Fresh." The "Mr. Fresh" covers help keep the sushi fresh and prevent virus infections, and the IC chip/QR code attached is used to optimize the number of plates in the revolving lane and reduce waste.
- Automated cleanup: After eating the sushi, the customer drops the empty plates into the "plate slot" on the table. The plates are automatically transported to the kitchen's washing area through the company's unique "automatic dish counting and water collection system." The collection of plates is linked to the touch panel, and once for every five plates dropped in, a lottery game called "Bikkura Pon!" is activated, and if you win, you get a prize.
- Automated checkout: When a customer is finished dining and presses the checkout button on the touch panel, a wait staff comes to the table to check. The amount of the bill has already been calculated automatically through the touch panel order, plate collection system, and AI camera, but the wait staff is supposed to check for any omissions. After the bill is confirmed, the customer goes to the cash register with a piece of paper with a barcode, and makes payments by using the self-checkout system.

After the customer leaves the table, the wait staff cleans up the table. Since most of the plates are taken to the washing area by the collection system, the clerk's cleanup work is extremely quick.

At Sushiro, the wait staff needs to count the number of plates during the checkout process (this is done automatically using a device), and after the customer leaves, the wait staff needs to carry the pile of plates to the washing area.

At Uobei, operated by Genki Sushi, ordering is done only through the touch panel and serving is done only through the order lane. The amount of the bill is fixed on the touch panel, and there is no need for the wait staff to check the number of plates. However, the staff needs to collect the piled-up plates from the table.

Customer service process from entry to checkout is automated, completing the contactless service



お意識できる席を発券いたします。

下のボタンにタッチして受けをしてください。

EPARK

Source: Company data

Figure: Automated reception system

Figure: Interior of the store



Source: Company data

Figure: Order by smartphone



Source: Company data

Source: Company data

Figure: Mr. Fresh sushi cover



Source: Company data

Figure: Self-checkout system



Source: Company data

Central kitchens

The company has four central kitchens located in Sakai City, Osaka Prefecture, Kaizuka City, Osaka Prefecture, Hidaka City, Saitama Prefecture, and Kasuya-gun, Fukuoka Prefecture. Major ingredients such as tuna and salmon are purchased in frozen blocks. They are thawed, aged, and cut into sushi pieces in the central kitchen, and delivered to the stores in chilled form. Cooking in the central kitchens is expected to result in 1) a high level of hygiene control, 2) standardization of products such as sushi ingredients, 3) higher yields, and 4) optimization of inventory and waste loss. The four factories mentioned above have sufficient room to expand their operations, and no major investment is expected to be necessary for the time being.

In-store kitchen operations

Since the central kitchens process all the ingredients for the sushi, there are few special techniques required for in-store cooking, and many of the cooking operations are automated and simplified. For example, special machines are used to make rice and rolls, and to sear the ingredients. The selection of dishes to be served in the revolving lane has also been systematized so that there is no need to rely on experience or intuition. Furthermore, an automatic dishwasher is used to wash dishes with a minimum number of people. The automation and simplification of the kitchen operations has increased the operational efficiency of individual stores and is likely to work in their favor when opening new stores.

North America business

Stores

The company entered the U.S. market in 2009, opening its first store in Irvine, California. 31 stores were open in the U.S. as of the end of 3Q FY10/21. The company has stores in a wide range of locations from the East Coast to the Midwest and West Coast, with 16 stores in California and 8 stores in Texas. Many of the stores are located in the restaurant area of shopping malls.

Competition

Almost no major Japanese revolving sushi bars have stores in the U.S. mainland, and it appears that there is no competition (Genki Sushi has some stores in Hawaii, etc.).

Menu, average spend per customer, and customer service

Sushi rolls are the top-selling items in the U.S. stores, accounting for 60-70% of the total. The price per plate is mostly \$2.6 to \$3.0, and the average spend per customer is about \$20 (about 2,200 yen), which is higher than in Japan. Touch panels, plate collection system, Bikkura Pon!, Mr. Fresh, and other systems similar to those used in Japan are used.

Operating subsidiary

The North America business is operated by a subsidiary, Kura Sushi USA (KSU), which was listed on the NASDAQ Global Market in August 2019.

Utilization of central kitchen allows for advanced hygiene and product management

Automation and simplification of kitchen operations

Expanding store network in the U.S. mainland where there is no competition

Aisa business

Stores

The company entered the Taiwanese market in 2014, opening its first store in Taipei. 35 stores were open in Taiwan as of the end of 3Q FY10/21. The company has stores in a wide range of areas, including Taipei, New Taipei City, Taoyuan City, Taichung City, and Kaohsiung City. So far, most of the stores in Taiwan are in buildings. The company plans to continue opening stores in Taiwan, and is also considering expansion into China and Southeast Asia.

Competition

Among the major Japanese revolving sushi bar operators, Genki Sushi has the largest presence in the Asian market, with 177 franchise restaurants in China, Hong Kong, and Southeast Asia as of the end of FY3/21. Sushiro has opened restaurants in Taiwan, Hong Kong, Singapore, South Korea, and Thailand, with 20 restaurants in Taiwan as of the end of 2Q FY9/21.

Menu, average spend per customer, and customer service

The stores in Taiwan have the same format as in Japan, and most of their products are nigiri sushi. The basic menu of nigiri sushi is about 160 yen (40 yuan) per plate, and the average spend per customer is 1,500 to 1,600 yen. Touch panels, plate collection system, Bikkura Pon!, Mr. Fresh, and other systems are used as in Japan. In some cases, the campaigns are also the same as in Japan, with the Demon Slayer - Kimetsu no Yaiba campaign gaining popularity in November-December 2020 (in Japan, the Demon Slayer – Kimetsu no Yaiba campaign was held in September-October of the same year).

Operating subsidiary

The Taiwan business is operated by a subsidiary, Kura Sushi Asia (KSA), which was listed on the Taipei Exchange in September 2020.

Figure: Kura Sushi USA's stock price (USD)



Figure: Kura Sushi Asia's stock price (TWD) 2754 TT (TWD)



Source: Bloomberg Finance LP data, Mita Securities

Expanding store network in Taiwan. Considering expansion into China and Southeast Asia

Revolving sushi bar market

Market size of sushi bars and the positioning of major operators

Positioning of sushi bars in the food service industry market

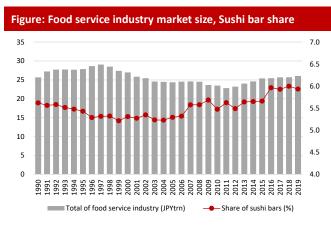
According to estimates by the Japan Food Service Association (JF), the size of the food service industry market in 2019 was 26.0439trn yen, with a five-year average growth rate of 1.1% (CAGR). Of this, the market size for sushi bars was 1,545.7bn yen, with a 5-year average growth rate of 2.1% (CAGR), much higher than the growth rate of the entire food service industry market. The share of sushi bars in the total food service industry market was 5.9%.

Positioning of major revolving sushi bar operators in the sushi bar market

The major revolving sushi bar operators appear to have a large share of the sushi bar market. The share of the five major companies (Sushiro, Kura Sushi, Hama Sushi, Kappa Sushi, and Genki Sushi) in the above market size is estimated to be around 35% (our estimate), and the market is considered to be highly chain-oriented.

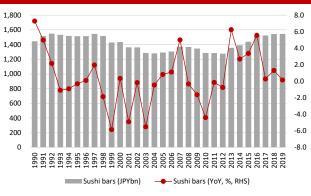
In addition, we believe that the recent expansion of the sushi bar market appears to have been driven by the expansion of the store networks of the major revolving sushi bar operators. The market for sushi bars has increased by 154.1bn yen over the past five years, and the total increase in sales of the four major revolving sushi bar operators (Sushiro, Kura Sushi, Hama Sushi, and Genki Sushi) over the same period is almost the same amount (Kappa Sushi saw a decrease in sales).

Since the barriers to entry in the revolving sushi bar business are relatively high in the restaurant industry, we believe that the share of the existing major revolving sushi bar operators in the sushi bar market is likely to increase further going forward.



Source: JF data, Mita Securities

Figure: Sushi bar market size, growth rate



Source: JF data, Mita Securities

Sushi bar growth rate is much higher than that of the entire food service industry

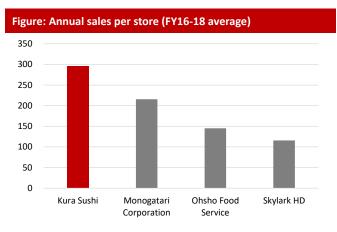
Major revolving sushi bar operators hold a large share of the sushi bar market, and have led the market growth in recent years

Characteristics of revolving sushi bar business

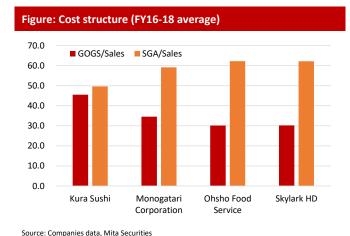
High barriers to entry

We believe that the barriers to entry in the revolving sushi bar business are relatively high in the restaurant industry, and that the growth of the market is likely to come from the aggressive opening of new restaurants by the existing major players. In the following, we compare four companies: Kura Sushi, Monogatari Corporation (Japanese BBQ), Ohsho Food Service (Chinese), and Skylark HD (family restaurants). We can see the importance of scale and technology in the revolving sushi bar business, and the existence of high barriers to entry.

Revolving sushi bar market is dominated by major players, making it difficult for new entrants



Source: Companies data, Mita Securities Note: Directly-owned stores basis



Annual sales per store

Annual sales per store for Kura Sushi are nearly 300m yen, which is outstandingly large among the four companies. This suggests that in addition to the large size of the restaurant, with a standard seating capacity of around 200, the customer turnover rate is extremely high. The company's average spend per customer is just under 1,100 yen, which is about average for the restaurant industry. The high turnover rate appears to be attributable to the following factors: 1) the use of high-tech equipment reduces the time required to order and serve food; 2) the menu is suitable for lunch, snacking, dinner, and evening meals; 3) sushi is high in carbohydrates, making it easy to feel full in a short period of time; and 4) there is a reasonable amount of take-out demand. Major revolving sushi bars, including Kura Sushi, operate high-tech equipment in their large stores, which makes them unsuitable for franchise development, and they mainly operate under direct management. In investing in growth, the existing major operators with strong financial resources and advanced technology have an advantage.

Cost structure

Kura Sushi's COGS ratio is in the mid-40% range, which is significantly higher than other restaurant formats, but its SG&A ratio is very low at just under 50%. The high COGS ratio is a typical characteristic of the revolving sushi bar business, and can be attributed to factors such as 1) keeping the selling price per plate low, and 2) using many high-cost ingredients such as raw fish and rice. In order to secure profits in the revolving sushi bar business with prices around 100 yen per plate, it is essential to achieve economies of scale in purchasing and to control the SG&A ratio by automating restaurant operations.

Revolving sushi bar business requires large restaurant outlets, high-tech equipment, and high customer turnover

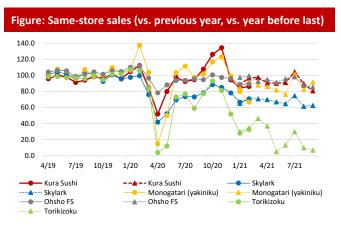
Economies of scale in purchasing and control of store operating costs are necessary to secure profits

Same-store sales

Same-store sales for Kura Sushi and other food service companies

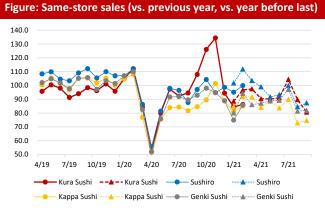
Comparing Kura Sushi's same-store sales (vs. previous year, vs. year before last) with those of family restaurants, yakiniku (Japanese BBQ) restaurants, Chinese restaurants, and izakaya (Japanese-style pubs), the company's performance has been quite strong under the COVID-19 pandemic. A comparison among the major revolving sushi bars also shows that Kura Sushi and Sushiro performed well. The reason for the strong performance can be attributed to 1) the high popularity of revolving sushi in general, 2) the company's restaurant network being centered on suburban roadside locations, and 3) the company's successful capture of take-out demand (the take-out sales ratio is believed to be 20% at present). In the fall of 2020, Kura Sushi's same-store sales were exceptionally high due to 1) the success of the large-scale collaboration with Demon Slayer – Kimetsu no Yaiba, and 2) one-time factors related to the Go To Eat campaign. On the other hand, the company did not promote aggressively in the summer of 2021 due to the expanded scope of emergency measures and priority measures to prevent the spread of the disease, and same-store sales were weak. We believe, however, that this was a one-time phenomenon.

Revolving sushi bars, including Kura Sushi, performing well even under the COVID-19





Note: Solid line (-Feb 21) vs previous year; dotted line (Jan 21-) vs year before last



Source: Companies data, Mita Securities

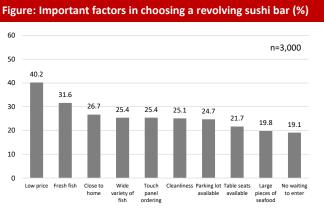
Note: Solid line (-Feb 21) vs previous year; dotted line (Jan 21-) vs year before last

Consumer survey on revolving sushi

Important factors in choosing a revolving sushi bar

According to Maruha Nichiro's "Consumer survey on revolving sushi 2021," the most important factor for consumers when choosing a revolving sushi bar is "low price." Also, salmon was the top item eaten most often by both men and women.

Consumers are price-conscious. Salmon sells well



Source: Maruha Nichiro data, Mita Securities Note: Multiple answer method

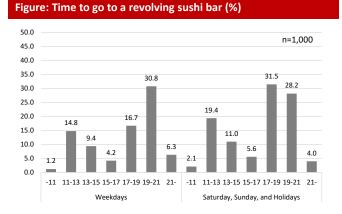
Figure:	Figure: Frequently eaten items at a revolving sushi bar (%)											
Male (n=1,	,500)		Female (n=1,500)									
Order	Fish	%	Order	Fish	%							
1	Salmon	40.3	1	Salmon	50.5							
2	Tuna	39.1	2	Shrimp	33.1							
3	Yellowtail	31.2	3	Tuna	30.1							
4	Medium fatty tuna	30.0	4	Yellowtail	28.2							
5	Shrimp	23.4	5	Medium fatty tuna	26.7							
6	Negi toro	22.1	6	Negi toro	23.5							
7	Squid	21.9	7	Squid	21.7							
8	Engawa	21.4	8	Salmon roe	19.5							
9	Salmon roe	19.0	8	Sweet shrimp	19.5							
10	Fatty tuna	18.7	8	Scallop	19.5							

Source: Maruha Nichiro data, Mita Securities Note: Multiple answer method

Time to go to a revolving sushi bar, with whom to go

According to Maruha Nichiro's "Consumer survey on revolving sushi 2015," the most common time to go to a revolving sushi bar is during dinner time, but it is also used during lunch and other times. In addition, a high percentage of respondents eat revolving sushi with family members, friends, acquaintances, or lovers, indicating that they mainly go to revolving sushi bars for private meals with their closest persons.

Mostly private meals with family or friends



Source: Maruha Nichiro data, Mita Securities Note: Multiple answer method

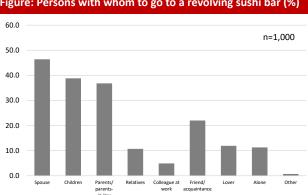


Figure: Persons with whom to go to a revolving sushi bar (%)

Source: Maruha Nichiro data, Mita Securities

Note: Multiple answer method

Mita Securities' earnings forecast

Earnings preview for FY10/21

As for FY10/21, we forecast consolidated sales of 145.9bn yen (+7.4% YoY), OP -2.6bn yen (vs. 0.4bn yen in FY10/20), RP 2.3bn yen (+100.2% YoY), and NP 1.3bn yen (vs. -0.3bn yen in FY10/20), slightly below the company's guidance (sales 147.2bn yen, OP -2.5bn yen, RP 2.5bn yen, NP 1.5bn yen). We assume 4.3bn yen in subsidy income (e.g. subsidies for shorter operating hours) as non-operating income.

For 4Q (Aug-Oct), we forecast OP -1.6bn yen and RP 0.9bn yen. We expect most of the operating loss to come from the Japan business. We believe that a large operating loss is unavoidable in 4Q due to the expansion of the areas subject to emergency measures and priority measures to prevent the spread of the disease in August and September, which forced most stores to shorten their opening hours. However, we believe that Japan business should be able to achieve profitability on an RP basis by recording 2.3bn yen in subsidy income as non-operating income.

We estimate that the number of stores at the end of FY10/21 to be 566 (+45 stores YoY). This includes 494 stores in the Japan business (+27 stores YoY), 32 stores in the North America business (+7 stores YoY), and 40 stores in the Asia business (+11 stores YoY).

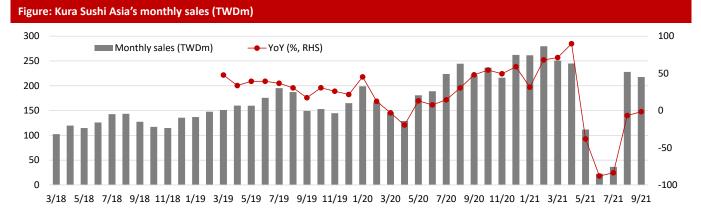
We expect OP -2.7bn yen and RP 2.3bn yen for the full year, below the company's guidance, assuming Japan business OP to struggle in 4Q

Figure: Quarterly	earnings (JF	Ybn)										
	10/19				10/20				10/21			
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4QE
Sales	33.5	32.9	34.2	35.6	35.9	29.4	31.0	39.5	38.9	35.7	36.0	35.4
Japan	30.6	29.7	30.5	31.7	32.4	25.5	28.9	36.4	35.2	31.8	32.5	30.7
North America	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.1	0.3	0.6	1.0	0.9	2.0	2.8
Asia	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.8	2.5	2.6	3.0	1.5	1.9
OP	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.2	-1.7	-1.0	1.8	0.8	-0.5	-1.3	-1.6
RP	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.4	-1.5	-0.9	2.1	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.9
Japan	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.6	-1.4	0.0	2.8	1.5	0.4	0.4	0.9
North America	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.9	-0.7	-0.7	-0.4	0.1	0.0
Asia	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	-0.3	0.0
OPM (%)	3.6	3.5	4.4	4.6	3.3	-5.7	-3.1	4.6	2.1	-1.5	-3.7	-4.6
RPM (%)	4.2	4.0	4.8	5.0	3.8	-4.9	-2.8	5.3	2.4	0.8	0.6	2.4

 \rightarrow COVID impact

Source: Company data, Mita Securities

Note: The North America business is consolidated two months later than the Japanese business, while the Asia business is consolidated one month later. Forecasts are by Mita Securities



Earnings forecast for FY10/22

As for FY10/22, we forecast consolidated sales of 176.7bn yen (+21.1% YoY), OP 5.5bn yen, and NP 3.9bn yen. We assume the number of stores at the end of FY10/22 to be 613 (+47 stores YoY).

As for the Japan business, we expect to see a recovery in restaurant demand as local governments further ease their requests for restaurants to close or shorten hours and refrain from serving alcohol. For FY10/22, we forecast sales of 144.4bn yen (+10.9% YoY) and OP of 4.3bn yen. We assume the number of stores at the end of FY10/22 to be 519 (+25 stores YoY).

As for the North America business, we expect a full-fledged recovery in restaurant demand and an acceleration of store openings. For FY10/22, we forecast sales of 14.0bn yen (+108.8% YoY) and OP of 0.4bn yen. We assume the number of stores at the end of FY10/22 to be 44 (+12 stores YoY). Our assumed exchange rate is 1 USD = 111.50 JPY.

As for the Asia business, we expect it to regain stability as operating restrictions are eased. For FY10/22, we forecast sales of 18.4bn yen (+102.7% YoY) and OP of 0.7bn yen. We assume the number of stores at the end of FY10/22 to be 50 (+10 stores YoY). Our assumed exchange rate is 1 TWD = 4.000 yen.

Outlook for FY10/23 and beyond

Our forecast for OP is 8.0bn yen for FY10/23 and 10.6bn yen for FY10/24. We estimate the total number of stores to be 665 at the end of FY10/23 (+52 stores YoY) and 722 at the end of FY10/24 (+57 stores YoY). We believe that the overseas stores will account for more than half of the net increase in stores during this period. In particular, the pace of store openings in North America is likely to accelerate, and we assume that the number of stores in North America will be 76 as of the end of FY10/24 (+51 stores from the end of FY10/20). For Asia, we expect the number of stores to be 77 at the end of FY10/24 (+48 stores from the end of FY10/20). We believe that Taiwan will continue to be the center of store openings in Asia, but it is possible that the company will start opening stores in China and Southeast Asia by then. For Japan, we forecast a net increase of 25 stores per year, with an estimated 569 stores at the end of FY10/24 (+102 stores from the end of FY10/20). We believe that Kura Sushi still has room to open more stores, especially in eastern Japan, where its store network is still thin.

We expect OP to return to profitability at 5.5bn yen. Assuming easing of shortened operating hours and recovery in restaurant demand

We forecast OP of 8.0bn yen for FY10/23 and 10.6bn yen for FY10/24. Assuming aggressive store openings in North America and Asia

Figure: Mita Securities' earnings forecast (consolidated, various indicators)

Various indicators	10/18	10/19	10/20	10/21	10/22	10/23	10/24	10/25	10/26	5-yr ave growth
Consolidated	А	А	А	Mita E	(CAGR, %)					
Sales growth (%)	7.9	2.7	-0.2	7.4	21.1	12.5	12.4	12.3	12.9	
Same-store sales growth (%)	0.8	-4.0	-4.3	0.0	5.2	2.8	2.4	2.0	2.0	
Store count growth (%)	5.6	7.1	7.4	8.6	8.3	8.5	8.6	8.9	9.5	
OP growth (%)	8.4	-20.4	-93.6	NA	NA	45.5	32.0	20.2	18.6	
RP growth (%)	5.1	-19.9	-81.5	100.2	171.7	41.1	30.0	18.9	17.6	
NP growth (%)	5.0	-26.6	NA	NA	194.7	42.7	29.6	17.2	15.8	
Gross profit margin (%)	54.4	54.7	55.2	54.6	54.8	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	
OP margin (%)	5.2	4.0	0.3	-1.8	3.1	4.0	4.7	5.1	5.3	
EBITDA margin (%)	7.9	7.0	4.2	2.1	6.6	7.3	7.8	8.0	8.0	
ROA (%)	9.2	5.9	-0.3	1.5	4.0	5.2	6.2	6.7	7.0	
ROE (%)	13.9	9.1	-0.6	2.9	7.9	10.5	12.4	13.0	13.6	

Source: Company data, Mita Securities

Figure: Mita Securities' earnings forecast (consolidated, PL, JPYm)

PL	10/18	10/19	10/20	10/21	10/22	10/23	10/24	10/25		5-yr ave growth
Consolidated, JPYm	A	A	A	Mita E	(CAGR, %)					
Sales	132,499	136,134	135,835	145,937	176,695	198,781	223,382	250,942	283,396	14.2
COGS	60,400	61,632	60,902	66,256	79,866	89,451	100,522	112,924	127,528	
Gross profit	72,099	74,502	74,933	79,682	96,829	109,329	122,860	138,018	155,868	
SGA	65,223	69,026	74,582	82,331	91,316	101,311	112,277	125,299	140,778	
Operating profit	6,875	5,475	350	-2,650	5,512	8,018	10,583	12,719	15,090	-241.6
Non-operating income	947	858	1,005	5,179	920	950	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Non-operating expense	167	199	220	257	259	259	259	259	259	
Recurring profit	7,655	6,135	1,135	2,272	6,173	8,709	11,324	13,460	15,831	47.4
Extraordinary gains	59	0	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Extraordianry losses	271	258	776	500	200	150	150	150	150	
Pre-tax profit	7,443	5,876	439	1,772	5,973	8,559	11,174	13,310	15,681	54.7
Corporate taxes	2,313	2,068	1,453	709	1,792	2,568	3,352	3,993	4,704	
Minority interests	0	41	-750	-261	280	424	608	861	1,188	
Net profit	5,130	3,766	-262	1,324	3,902	5,568	7,214	8,456	9,789	49.2
EBITDA	10,525	9,526	5,640	3,050	11,612	14,518	17,483	20,019	22,790	49.5
Shares O/S	19.7	19.7	19.8	39.7	39.7	39.7	39.7	39.7	39.7	
EPS	259.84	190.75	-13.25	33.39	98.39	140.40	181.90	213.21	246.83	
BPS	1,984.34	2,227.89	2,232.24	1,202.05	1,280.43	1,396.83	1,548.73	1,721.94	1,920.77	
DPS	30.0	40.0	40.0	20.0	24.0	30.0	40.0	48.0	58.0	
Payout ratio (%)	11.5	21.0	NA	59.9	24.4	21.4	22.0	22.5	23.5	

Source: Company data, Mita Securities Note: Per share indicators in the past are not adjusted for stock splits, and therefore do not match the figures on pages 1 and 4

Figure: Mita Securities' earnin	gs forecast (seg	ment earr	nings, JPYn	n)						
Segment earnings	10/18	10/19	10/20	10/21	10/22	10/23	10/24	10/25	10/26	5-yr ave growth
JPYm	А	А	А	Mita E	(CAGR, %)					
Japan										
Sales	121,931	122,531	123,160	130,185	144,353	155,730	166,950	178,245	190,705	7.9
(YoY, %)	5.2	0.5	0.5	5.7	10.9	7.9	7.2	6.8	7.0	
Operating profit	6,073	4,730	2,058	-1,665	4,331	6,229	8,014	9,090	10,107	-243.4
(YoY, %)	0.1	-22.1	-56.5	NA	NA	43.8	28.6	13.4	11.2	
OPM (%)	5.0	3.9	1.7	-1.3	3.0	4.0	4.8	5.1	5.3	
Store count (end-FY)	422	442	467	494	519	544	569	596	626	
(YoY, %)	3.9	4.7	5.7	5.8	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.7	5.0	
Sales/Ave store count	295	284	271	271	285	293	300	306	312	
(YoY, %)	0.5	-3.7	-4.5	0.0	5.2	2.8	2.4	2.0	2.0	
North America										
Sales	5,709	7,095	4,879	6,698	13,982	19,518	26,349	34,578	44,933	46.3
(YoY, %)	38.7	24.3	-31.2	37.3	108.8	39.6	35.0	31.2	29.9	
Operating profit	209	195	-1,776	-980	447	683	975	1,418	2,022	-215.6
(YoY, %)	78.6	-6.7	NA	NA	NA	52.7	42.7	45.4	42.6	
OPM (%)	3.7	2.7	-36.4	-14.6	3.2	3.5	3.7	4.1	4.5	
Store count (end-FY)	17	23	25	32	44	59	76	96	121	
(YoY, %)	21.4	35.3	8.7	28.0	37.5	34.1	28.8	26.3	26.0	
Sales/Ave store count	295	284	271	271	285	293	300	306	312	
(YoY, %)	0.5	-3.7	-4.5	0.0	5.2	2.8	2.4	2.0	2.0	
Asia										
Sales	4,859	6,508	7,796	9,056	18,360	23,533	30,083	38,119	47,758	39.5
(YoY, %)	80.3	33.9	19.8	16.2	102.7	28.2	27.8	26.7	25.3	
Operating profit	566	484	0	99	734	1,106	1,594	2,211	2,961	97.1
(YoY, %)	262.8	-14.5	NA	NA	638.1	50.6	44.1	38.7	33.9	
OPM (%)	11.6	7.4	0.0	1.1	4.0	4.7	5.3	5.8	6.2	
Store count (end-FY)	14	20	29	40	50	62	77	94	114	
(YoY, %)	55.6	42.9	45.0	37.9	25.0	24.0	24.2	22.1	21.3	
Sales/Ave store count	423	383	318	262	408	420	433	446	459	
(YoY, %)	9.7	-9.4	-16.9	-17.5	55.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Consolidated basis										
Total store count (end-FY)	453	485	521	566	613	665	722	786	861	8.8
(YoY, %)	5.6	7.1	7.4	8.6	8.3	8.5	8.6	8.9	9.5	
Sales/Ave store count	300	290	270	269	300	311	322	333	344	
(YoY, %)	1.6	-3.4	-7.0	-0.6	11.6	3.8	3.5	3.3	3.4	

Figure: Mita Securities' earning	s forecast (cons	olidated,	BS, JPYm)							
BS	10/18	10/19	10/20	10/21	10/22	10/23	10/24	10/25	10/26	5-yr ave growth
Consolidated, JPYm	А	А	А	Mita E	Mita E	Mita E	Mita E	Mita E	Mita E	(CAGR, %)
Assets										
Total current assets	19,840	25,565	28,158	25,991	29,016	32,348	37,678	44,002	51,853	
Cash and deposits	16,451	20,965	20,611	19,001	20,348	23,894	26,956	32,723	37,191	
Accounts receivable	1,140	1,883	3,854	4,143	5,539	5,353	6,887	6,863	8,666	
Inventories	994	1,342	1,715	1,719	2,208	2,210	2,754	2,822	3,476	
Other	1,255	1,375	1,978	1,129	920	891	1,080	1,594	2,520	
Total fixed assets	39,227	42,651	56,944	67,900	72,900	78,000	83,200	89,000	95,400	
Tangible assets	28,831	31,380	45,293	55,000	58,900	62,900	67,000	71,700	77,000	
Intangible assets	397	688	705	900	1,000	1,100	1,200	1,300	1,400	
Investment and other	9,998	10,582	10,945	12,000	13,000	14,000	15,000	16,000	17,000	
Total assets	59,068	68,216	85,102	93,891	101,916	110,348	120,878	133,002	147,253	9.4
Liabilities										
Total current liabilities	14,225	15,309	22,584	23,929	28,253	31,299	34,816	38,756	43,396	
Accounts payable	4,944	5,123	6,798	6,800	8,197	9,181	10,317	11,590	13,089	
Short-term debt	1,571	1,613	2,688	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	2,880	
Other	7,710	8,573	13,098	14,249	17,177	19,238	21,619	24,286	27,427	
Total lon-term liabilities	5,567	5,695	14,948	15,981	16,294	16,641	17,022	17,475	18,013	
Long-term debt	3,155	3,057	12,356	13,120	13,120	13,120	13,120	13,120	13,120	
Other	2,412	2,638	2,592	2,861	3,174	3,521	3,902	4,355	4,893	
Total liabilities	19,792	21,005	37,533	39,911	44,547	47,940	51,838	56,230	61,408	9.0
Net assets										
Shareholders' equity	39,177	43,985	44,138	47,672	50,781	55,397	61,421	68,291	76,176	9.8
Warrants	97	167	190	330	330	330	330	330	330	
Minorities	0	3,058	3,239	5,978	6,258	6,681	7,289	8,150	9,338	
Total net assets	39,275	47,211	47,569	53,980	57,369	62,408	69,040	76,771	85,844	9.7
Debt	4,726	4,670	15,044	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	0.0
Net debt	-11,725	-16,295	-5,567	-3,001	-4,348	-7,894	-10,956	-16,723	-21,191	
Debt/EBITDA (x)	0.4	0.5	2.7	5.2	1.4	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7	
D/E (x)	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	
Shareholders' equity ratio (%)	66.3	64.5	51.9	50.8	49.8	50.2	50.8	51.3	51.7	

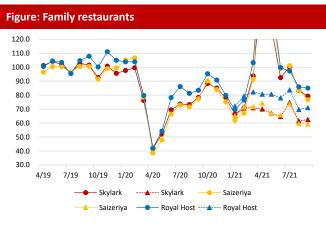
Source: Company data, Mita Securities

Figure: Mita Securities' earnings forecast (consolidated, CF, JPYm)	
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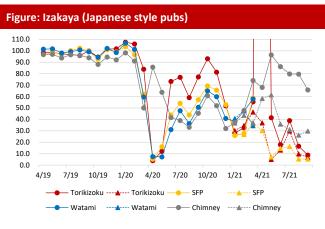
CF	10/18	10/19	10/20	10/21	10/22	10/23	10/24	10/25	10/26	5-yr ave growth
Consolidated, JPYm	A	А	А	Mita E	(CAGR, %)					
Cashflow from operations	10,209	8,626	8,935	3,524	12,440	15,298	15,552	19,653	19,672	
Net profit	5,130	3,766	-262	1,324	3,902	5,568	7,214	8,456	9,789	
Depreciation and amortization	3,650	4,051	5,290	5,700	6,100	6,500	6,900	7,300	7,700	
Other	1,429	809	3,907	-3,500	2,438	3,230	1,438	3,897	2,184	
Cashflow from investing	-4,407	-6,602	-8,336	-11,300	-10,300	-10,800	-11,300	-12,300	-13,300	
Capital expenditure	-3,782	-5,586	-7,232	-10,000	-9,000	-9,500	-10,000	-11,000	-12,000	
Disposal of fixed assets	148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other	-773	-1,016	-1,104	-1,300	-1,300	-1,300	-1,300	-1,300	-1,300	
Cashflow from financing	-2,231	2,560	-1,164	6,166	-793	-952	-1,190	-1,586	-1,904	
Debt issuance/repayment	-1,638	-1,689	-2,256	956	0	0	0	0	0	
Share issuance/buyback (net)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Dividend paid	-591	-591	-788	-790	-793	-952	-1,190	-1,586	-1,904	
Other	-2	4,840	1,880	6,000	0	0	0	0	0	
Cash and cash equivalents	16,451	20,965	20,611	19,001	20,348	23,894	26,956	32,723	37,191	
Free cashflow	5,802	2,024	599	-7,776	2,140	4,498	4,252	7,353	6,372	

Reference materials

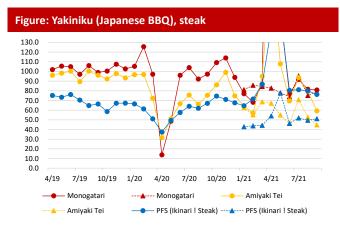
Same-store sales (compared to last year or year before last)



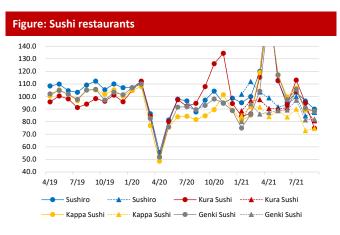
Source: Companies data, Mita Securities Note: Solid line vs last yr, dotted line vs yr before last



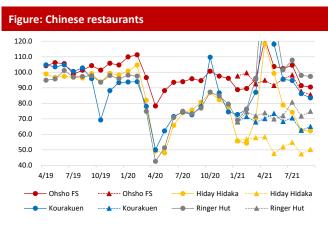
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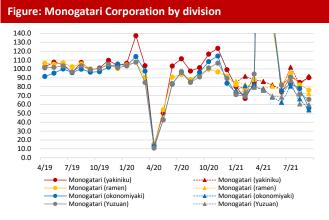
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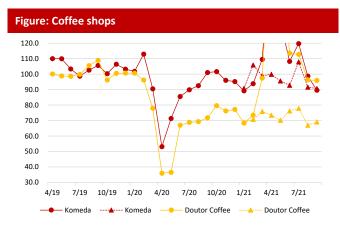
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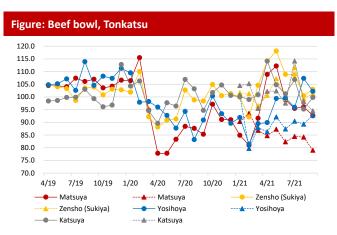
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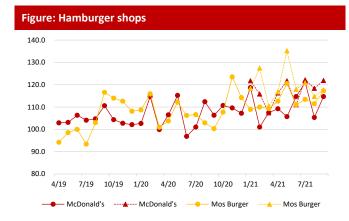
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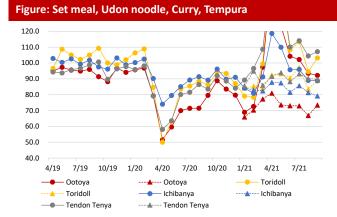
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Source: Companies data, Mita Securities Note: Solid line vs last yr, dotted line vs yr before last

APPENDIX

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The target price and ratings are based on our views for the next 12 months or so.

Buy: Stocks whose total return (percentage change in share price from current price to projected target price plus projected dividend yield), as of the time the target price is set or changed, is expected to be 15% or more.

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Sell: Stocks whose total return (percentage change in share price from current price to projected target price plus projected dividend yield), as of the time the target price is set or changed, is expected to be -15% or less.

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